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NOTE: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE INSTALLED SOLELY AND EXCLUSIVELY BY A QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN. ANY TECHNICAL PROCEDURES MUST BE CARRIED OUT BY AN AUTHORIZED TECHNICIAN.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE USER: these instructions contain user advice, a description of the controls and the correct procedures for cleaning and maintenance of the appliance.

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1. IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS – Your safety and the safety of others are very important. We have provided many important safety messages throughout this manual and on the appliance. Read all the instructions before using the appliance and always obey all safety messages.



RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFORMATION

This is a safety alert symbol. This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that can kill or hurt you and others.

UNDERSTAND SIGNAL WORDS

A signal word – DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION – is used with the safety alert symbol. DANGER denotes the most serious hazards. It means you can be killed or seriously injured if you do not <u>immediately</u> follow the instructions. WARNING means you can be killed or seriously injured if you do not follow the instructions. CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor to moderate injury.

- This appliance is intended for home use only.
- Use this appliance only for its intended purpose. The manufacturer is not responsible for damage caused by improper use of this oven.



- This appliance complies with current safety regulations. Improper use of the appliance can result in personal injury and material damage.
- Read all the instructions before installing or using the oven for the first time.
- Keep these operating instructions in a safe place and pass them on to any future user.

2. INSTALLATION

- Before installation, make sure that the voltage and frequency listed on the ID plate match the household electrical supply. This data must be the same to prevent injury or damage to the appliance. **Consult a gualified electrician if in doubt.**
- Make sure your appliance is properly installed and grounded by a qualified electrician.
- To guarantee the electrical safety of this appliance, it must always be continuously connected to a reliable grounding system. This basic safety requirement must be met. If there is any doubt, have your household electrical system checked by a qualified electrician.
- The manufacturer is not responsible for damage caused by the lack or inadequacy of a reliable grounding system or the failure to meet the requirements of national and local electrical codes.
- The oven should not be operated until it has been properly installed within the cabinetry.
- Installation, maintenance and repair work should be performed by an authorized service technician.
 Work by unqualified persons can be dangerous and may void the warranty.
- Before installation or service, disconnect the power supply to the work area by "tripping" the circuit breaker, or shutting off the main power.

2.1 Using the oven

WARNING BURN HAZARD

The oven can produce high temperatures that can cause burns. To reduce the risk of fire, electrical shock, personal injury or damage when using the oven, follow basic safety precautions, including the following:

- Prevent children from touching the appliance when in use.
- **Use heat-resistant pot holders** when placing items in the oven, shifting them, or removing them from the oven. The top heating element and oven racks can become very hot and cause burns.
- To prevent burns, always position oven racks at the desired height while the oven is cool.
- Always open the door carefully. Allow hot air or steam to escape before food is placed in the oven or removed.
- To prevent burns, allow heating elements to cool before cleaning by hand.
- Only clean the parts listed in this manual.
- Remove all accessories from the oven before the self-cleaning cycle is engaged. The high temperatures required for this cycle will damage the accessories.



CAUTION: Heating elements may be hot even if not glowing. During and after use, do not allow clothing or other flammable materials to come into contact with the heating elements or inner surfaces of the oven until they have had sufficient time to cool. External parts of the oven such as the oven window, vent openings and the control panel may also become hot.

- Do not obstruct oven vents.

- Do not let metal objects (aluminum, foil, metal pans) come into contact with the heating elements.
- Do not slide cookware across the bottom of the oven. This could scratch and damage the surface.
- Do not lean, sit or place heavy items on the open oven door. The door can support a maximum weight of **75 lbs. (34 kg).**
- Do not heat unopened food containers in the oven. Pressure could build up and the container could burst and result in injury.
- Never add water to a hot oven tray or pan or pour water directly on food in a hot oven. The steam that is formed could cause serious burns. Any sudden change in temperature can damage the oven's enamel.
- This oven must only be used for cooking. Do not use this appliance as a dryer, kiln, dehumidifier, etc. Fumes or vapors given off by glues, plastics or other non-food items could ignite and cause material damage and personal injury.
- Cover all cooked food that is left in the oven to keep it warm. This will prevent moisture from condensing on the inside of the oven. Long-term or excessive condensation can damage the oven.
- Never use aluminum foil to line the oven bottom. Do not place pots, pans or baking sheets directly on the oven bottom when using the top and bottom heating elements, the top and bottom heating elements + convection fan or the convection heating element. This could crack the enamel of the oven bottom.
- Never store flammable liquids or materials in, above or under an oven or near cooking surfaces.
- **Do not use a steam cleaner to clean the oven.** Steam can penetrate electrical components and result in a short circuit.
- Children should not be left alone or unattended in the area where the oven is in use. Never allow children to sit or stand on any part of the oven.

CAUTION: Items of interest to children should not be stored in cabinets above the oven. Children climbing on the oven to reach these items could be seriously injured.

- Do not leave the oven unattended when cooking with oil or grease as there is an increased risk of fire in case of overheating.
- Never use water to put out grease fires!
- Put out the fire with an appropriate rated dry chemical or foam-type fire extinguisher.
- Be careful of loose-fitting or hanging garments while operating the oven.
- Do not use the oven as a room heater.
- Make sure that the power cords of small appliances do not come into contact with or get caught in the oven door.
- Use only dry, heat resistant potholders. Moist or damp potholders used on hot surfaces may result in burns from steam. Do not let potholders come into contact with hot oil. Do not use towels or other bulky cloth in place of potholders.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS



NOTE: The California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act requires the Governor of California to publish a list of substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and requires businesses to warn customers of potential exposure to such substances.

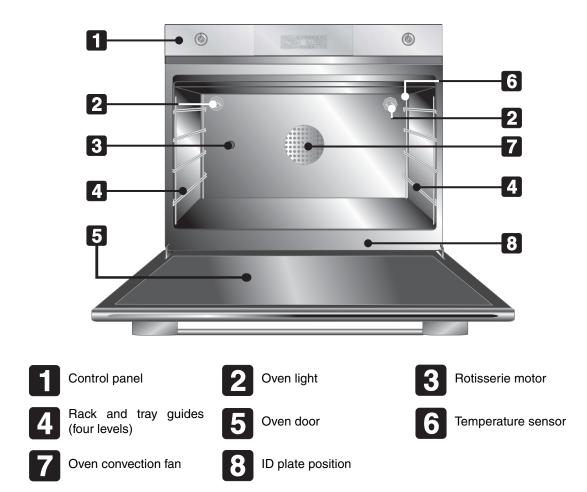
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

This appliance can cause low-level exposure to some of the substances listed, including benzene, formaldehyde, carbon monoxide, toluene, and soot.





3. OVEN GUIDE

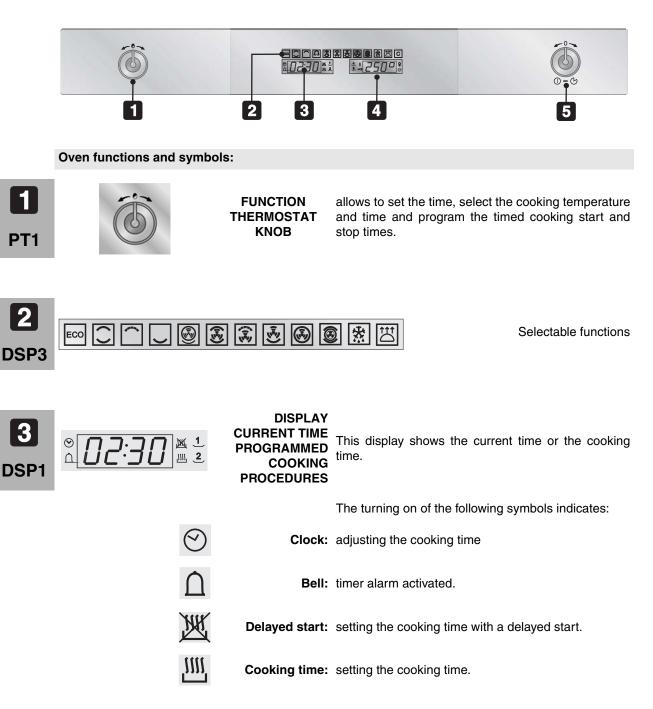






3.1 Control panel

All the appliance's control and monitoring devices are located together on the front panel. The symbols used are described in the table below.



EN		or the user	
4 DSP2	<u>.</u>	Temperature display	This display shows the preset temperature for the desired function, or the temperature set by the user.
			The turning on of the following symbols indicates:
		Internal oven temperature:	The oven is heating up.
	•	Child lockout:	Child lockout feature ON (see "Secondary menu" on page 17).
	S	Showroom indicator light:	Showroom feature ON (see "Secondary menu" on page 17).
5	6	FUNCTION ON-OFF KNOB	allows to select one of the oven's three operating modes as well as a cooking function or cooking
PT2	0-0	(PT2)	program (see paragraph "5.3 Operating modes").



4. AVAILABLE ACCESSORIES

Oven rack: for cooking food in pans, small cakes, roasts or food requiring light broiling.

Pan rack: fits on top of the oven pan for food that could drip.

Oven pan: catches the grease from foods cooked on the rack above.

Pastry pan: used for baking cakes, pizza and desserts.

Roof liner: remove it to make cleaning inside the oven easier.

Roasting spit: used for roasting chicken, sausages and anything else requiring uniform browning.

Rotisserie frame: fits into the slots of the oven pan prior to attaching the rotisserie rod.

Chromium-plated gripper: use to remove hot oven racks and pans.



NOTE: Ask your authorized dealer for original SMEG accessories.



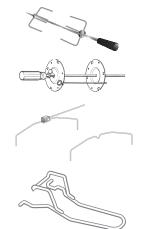
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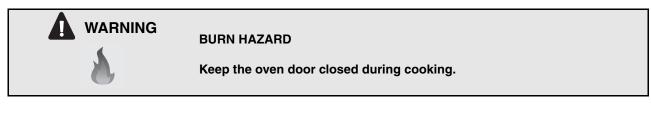






5. USING THE OVEN

5.1 Warnings and general advice for use





NOTE: Before using the oven for the first time, heat to the maximum temperature (500°F) for sufficient time to burn away any oily residue resulting from the manufacturing process.

The heating elements and the fan shut off when the oven door is opened.





NOTE: During cooking, do not cover the oven bottom with aluminum or tin foil and do not place pans or oven pans or bakeware on the oven bottom as this may damage the enamel surface. If you wish to use waxed paper, position it so that it does not interfere with the hot air circulation inside the oven.



NOTE: When accessing food inside the oven, leave the door open for the shortest time possible so that the internal oven temperature does not cool.

To prevent any steam in the oven from creating problems, open the door in two stages: half open (approx. 2 inches) for 4-5 seconds and then completely open. To access food, always leave the door open for the shortest time possible to prevent the oven temperature from cooling and ruining the food.



5.2 General description

5.2.1 Oven racks

The oven features **4 guides** for positioning oven trays and racks at different heights. The rack positions are numbered from the bottom up (see figure).



5.2.2 Cooling system

The oven is equipped with a cooling system which begins operating as soon as a cooking function starts. The fan produces a steady flow of air from above the door, which may continue for a brief period of time even after the oven has been turned off.

5.2.3 Oven light

The oven light turns on when the door is opened or when an oven function is selected.



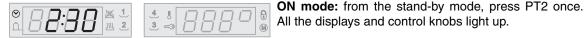


5.3 **Operating modes**

This appliance is designed to have 3 operating modes, which can be changed by pressing PT2.



STAND-BY mode: with DSP1 on and showing the current time (enabled as soon as the current time has been confirmed).





All the displays and control knobs light up.

OFF mode: from the ON position, press and hold PT2 until it turns off. Only the 🕑 symbol on DSP1 remains illuminated.

5.4 First use

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When using for the first time, or after a power failure, the left oven display, DSP1, will display a flashing symbol. Before starting any oven cooking, the current time must be set.

5.4.1 Setting the current time

Adjusting the current time:

- turn PT1 to the right or to the left to increase or decrease the time. (Hold the knob in one direction to accelerate the change in time).
- When PT1 is released, after a few seconds the display will be steadily illuminated and only the colon separating hours from minutes will flash, indicating that it is working properly. (The display will also show the (symbol).



Note: It might become necessary to change the current time, for example when changing over from daylight savings to standard time. Starting in the stand-by mode, (see paragraph "5.3 Operating modes"):

- press and hold PT1 for a few seconds until the symbol \bigcirc stops flashing.
- repeat the steps described in paragraph "5.4.1 Setting the current time".

buzzer will sound to indicate that the food can be placed inside the oven.

Selecting an oven function 5.5

While the oven is in the ON mode only, any cooking function can be selected by simply turning PT2 to the right or left. The selected function will change color to red on the display. After the selection, the preset cooking temperature for that function will be displayed on DSP2.

5.5.1 Cooking at a preset temperature

After selecting the desired oven function, the oven will start the cooking procedure at the preset temperature and the symbol 💄 will come on. Prior to cooking, there is a preheat stage, that allows the oven to rapidly heat up to the cooking temperature. The *n* symbol flashes on DSP2 to indicate that oven preheating is in progress. When preheating stops, the 🦲 symbol will be steadily illuminated and a



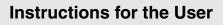


5.5.2 Changing the preset temperature

The temperature preset for each function can be changed to suit the user's needs.

At any time while cooking is in progress, turn PT1 in either direction to raise or lower the cooking temperature by 5 degrees at a time. (PT1 can also be held to the left or right in order to accelerate or slow the temperature adjustment.)

	OVEN FUNCTION	DEFAULT PRESET (°F)	RANGE (°F)
ECO	ECO function	320	120 - 500
$\left(\right)$	Top and bottom heating elements	340	120 - 500
~~~	Broil (Rotisserie feature)	480	120 - 535
	Bottom heating element	175	120 - 500
	European convection with bottom heating element	320	120 - 500
	Convection with top and bottom heating elements	320	120 - 500
	Convection Broil	480	120 - 535
	Convection with bottom heating element	320	120 - 500
	European convection	320	120 - 500
	European convection with top and bottom heating elements	320	120 - 500
*	Defrost	85	-
$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$	Rising	105	-



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### 5.5.3 Using the timer

Press PT1 once (while the oven is in STAND-BY or ON mode). The display will show the value (steady on) and the  $\bigcap$  symbol (flashing). Turn PT1 to set the cooking time (from 00:01 to 04:00). A few

seconds after the desired amount of cooking time is set, the  $\bigcap$  symbol will stop flashing and remain steady on; the countdown will then start. Now select the desired cooking function and wait for the buzzer to sound, indicating that the cooking time has elapsed.

Press PT1 once to shut off the buzzer; the cooking time can be extended by turning PT1.



If the timer was set with the oven in STAND-BY mode, when the oven is activated in ON mode (selection of a cooking operation), the counter is reset to zero.



Warning: the timer does not stop the cooking process. It only alerts the user that the preset number of minutes has elapsed. Press PT2 to turn off the oven.

### Changing the timer setting

After setting the countdown, press PT1 once. The  $\hat{\square}$  symbol starts flashing; turn PT1 to change the set duration. A few seconds after the new value is set, the  $\hat{\square}$  symbol will stop flashing and the countdown will restart from the new value.

### 5.6 Programmed cooking procedures

5.6.1 Semiautomatic cooking

Semiautomatic cooking is the function which allows a cooking operation to be started and then ended after a specific length of time that is set by the user.

Select an oven function (see paragraph "5.5 Selecting an oven function") and press PT1 twice. The display will show the value **0000** and the **JUL** symbol (flashing).

Turn PT1 to the right or left to set the cooking time (from 00:01 to 23:59). A few seconds after the desired cooking time is set, the symbol will stop flashing and semiautomatic cooking will start from that moment. When the cooking time has eleapsed, the word STOP will be displayed on DSP1, cooking will stop and a buzzer will sound; press PT1 to silence it.



If you wish to lengthen the cooking time, press PT1 again. The oven will restart normal operation with the cooking settings selected previously. However, PT2 must be pressed to turn the oven off completely.

### Changing the cooking settings

The cooking time can de changed after semiautomatic cooking has started.

When the <u>symbol</u> symbol is steady on and cooking is in progress, press PT1 once. The <u>symbol</u> symbol starts flashing and PT1 can be turned to change the cooking time. A few seconds after the last change, the <u>symbol</u> symbol will stop flashing, and semiautomatic cooking will restart using the new value.

To change the preset temperature, wait for the  $\iiint$  symbol to turn steady and turn PT1 to the right or left to raise or lower the cooking temperature.

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#### 5.6.2 Automatic cooking



Automatic cooking is the function which allows a cooking operation to be started at a set time and then ended after a specific length of time that is set by the user.

Select a cooking function, set the desired cooking temperature or use the preset temperature (see paragraph "5.5 Selecting an oven function") and press PT1 twice. The display will show the values 00.00 and the 100.00 and the 100.00 (flashing).

Turn PT1 to the right or left to set the cooking time (from 00:01 to 23:59).



For safety reasons, when setting automatic cooking the user must first program a cooking time and then select the cooking start time. The cooking start time cannot be set without first setting the cooking time.

After setting the amount of cooking time, press PT1 once.

The W symbol and the current time will appear on the display.

Turning PT1 to the right increases the time, allowing the desired cooking start time to be set.

A few seconds after the desired time is set, the  $\coprod$  and  $\biguplus$  symbols will stop flashing, and the oven will start to wait for the starting time setting. When the cooking time has elapsed, the word STOP will appear on DSP1, cooking will stop and a buzzer will sound; press PT1 once to silence it.



If you wish to lengthen the cooking time, press PT1 again. The oven will restart normal operation with the temperature settings selected previously. PT2 must be pressed to turn the oven off completely.

### Changing the cooking settings

Once automatic cooking has started, the cooking time can be changed.

When the IIII and K symbols are steady on and cooking is in progress, or the oven is in stand-by

mode waiting for cooking to start, press PT1 once. The  $\iiint$  symbol starts flashing and PT1 can be turned to change the cooking time.

Press PT1 again; the  $\iiint$  symbol turns off, the  $\bowtie$  symbol will start to flash, and the cooking start time will be displayed on DSP1. The cooking start time can be advanced or turned back by turning PT1.

A few seconds after the last change, the *matheful* and *matheful* symbols will appear (in steady on mode) on DSP1 and automatic cooking will restart with the new settings.



Once cooking has been programmed, before it starts, the function symbol will remain on, as will the symbols  $M_{1,1}$ ,  $M_{1,2}$ .



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### 5.7 Secondary menu

This appliance also has a concealed "secondary menu" allowing the user to:

- Enable or disable the Showroom feature (which disables all the heating elements so that only the control panel works).
- Enable or disable the power miser feature.

With the oven in the OFF mode (see "5.3 Operating modes") press and hold **PT1** for at least 5 seconds to display the secondary menu. Turning **PT1** to the right or left changes the feature status (**ON** / **OFF**) or (**HI**/LO).

Press PT1 again to move to the next feature.



Child lockout feature: Two minutes after enabling this feature, the controls will automatically be locked, indicated

by the symbol **c** turning on, without any intervention from the user. To temporarily release the lock during cooking, press and hold PT1 for at least 5 seconds. The lock will



reengage after a two-minute delay.

If a control knob is turned, the word "bloc" appears for 2 seconds.



**Showroom feature:** (For exhibitors only) enabling this feature disables all the heating elements so that only the control panel works. To operate the oven normally, set this feature to OFF.



**Power miser feature:** If the LO setting is selected, the oven will use less energy. To restore the appliance's normal energy consumption level, select HI.

## 6. OVEN FUNCTIONS GUIDE

### ECO FUNCTION:

Using the broiler and the bottom heating element together with the convection fan is particularly suitable for cooking small quantities of food because less energy is consumed.

### TOP AND BOTTOM HEATING ELEMENTS:

With the heat coming from the top and bottom at the same time, this option is particularly suitable for certain types of food. Conventional cooking, also known as static or thermal radiation cooking, is suitable for cooking just one dish at a time. This function is perfect for all types of roasts, bread, and tarts and particularly suitable for fatty meats such as goose and duck.

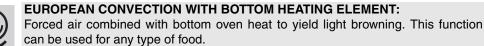


Heat produced by the broiler element gives perfect broiling results mostly for thin and medium cuts of meat and in combination with the rotisserie (where fitted) gives the food a uniform browning at the end of the cooking cycle. This function is perfect for sausages, ribs and ham. This function can be used to evenly broil large quantities of food, particularly meat.

The rotisserie feature in combination with the broiler element browns food perfectly.

#### BOTTOM HEATING ELEMENT: Bottom heat allows foods that require a long

Bottom heat allows foods that require a longer basic cooking time to be completely cooked without affecting browning. Perfect for cakes, pies, tarts and pizzas.





### CONVECTION WITH TOP AND BOTTOM HEATING ELEMENTS:

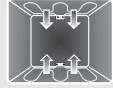
The convection fan combined with conventional static cooking ensures uniform cooking even when complex recipes are involved. This function is perfect for cookies and cakes, even if cooked simultaneously on different rack positions inside the oven.





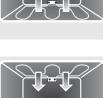


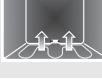






ECO





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### Instructions for the User



The air produced by the convection fan softens the strong heat wave generated by the broiler, delivering perfect broiling even of very thick food. This function is perfect for large cuts of meat (e.g. pork shank).

CONVECTION WITH BOTTOM HEATING ELEMENT:

The combination of the convection fan and the bottom heating element allows cooking to be completed more rapidly. This function is recommended for sterilizing or for finishing off the foods that are already well done on the outside but not on the inside and therefore need a little more heat. This function can be used for any type of food.



The combination of the convection fan and the circular heating element (built into the rear of the oven) can be used to cook different foods on different rack positions, as long as they need the same cooking temperatures and time. The circulation of air ensures instant and uniform distribution of heat. It will be possible, for instance, to cook fish, vegetables and cookies simultaneously without mixing odors or flavors.

**EUROPEAN CONVECTION WITH TOP AND BOTTOM HEATING ELEMENTS:** The combination of European convection with conventional static cooking can be used to cook different foods on different rack positions extremely quickly and efficiently.

Perfect for large volumes of food that need intense cooking.



### DEFROST:

Rapid defrosting is aided by turning on the convection fan and the top heating element, which ensures uniform distribution of low-temperature air inside the oven.



### **RISING:**

Proving is aided by the top heat, quickly delivering perfect results for all types of dough.















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### 7. COOKING SUGGESTIONS AND TIPS

#### 7.1 Suggestions on using the accessories:





#### Use only original SMEG oven pans.

When the pan is in the oven, the handle must be facing the oven door. Push the pan right inside the oven.

### Use only original SMEG oven racks.

When the rack is in the oven, the contoured part must be facing down. Push the rack right inside the oven.

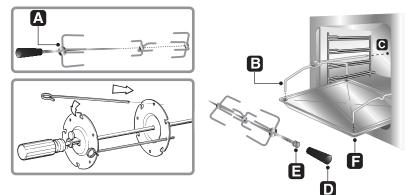


Use only original SMEG tray racks. Push the rack right inside the oven.



For best cooking results, we recommend placing ovenware in the center of the rack.

### 7.1.1 Suggestions on using the rotisserie rod:



Prepare the rotisserie rod with the food, tightening the meat fork set screws (A). Slide the rods of the rotisserie support assembly (B) into the slots in the drip tray (F). Remove the grip (D) and mount the rotisserie rod so that the bushing (E) fits in the groove in the support assembly (B) on the right. Completely insert the drip tray into the oven until the tip of the support assembly rod (B) on the left side is inserted into place (C) in the rotisserie motor drive on the back wall of the oven cavity. Add a little water in the tray to keep smoke from forming.



The rotisserie motor operates only when the Broil cooking function is on  $\frown$ .



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### 7.2 General suggestions:





We recommend preheating the oven before putting the food in. Do not place the foods inside the oven until the degrees symbol on the display stops flashing and the tone has sounded to confirm that the set temperature has been reached.

For cooking on several levels, we recommend using a convection function to achieve uniform cooking at all rack positions.

In general, increasing the temperature does not shorten the cooking time (the food will likely be well done on the outside and undercooked on the inside).



When cooking desserts and vegetables, some liquid may seep out from the bottom of the door. This is a natural physical phenomenon which occurs primarly when the food is placed in a oven before preheating. To prevent this, carefully open the door a couple of times during cooking.

### 7.3 Suggestions for cooking meat:

Cooking times, especially for meat, can vary according to the thickness and quality of the food and to personal taste.



To save energy when roasting, we recommend placing the food in the oven while it is cold.

When roasting meat, we recommend the use of a meat thermometer. Alternatively, simply press on the roast with a spoon: if it is hard it is ready, if not, it needs a few more minutes of cooking time.

### 7.4 Suggestions for cooking desserts and cookies:

Use dark metal bakeware for desserts: it helps in absorbing the heat.

The temperature and the cooking time depend on the quality and consistency of the batter.



The tables indicate the temperature ranges. Initially, try the lowest value (the lower temperature yields more even browning); if the dessert is not cooked to your liking, increase the temperature the next time.

Check whether the dessert is cooked throughly through: About 10 minutes before the end of the cooking time, insert a toothpick into the highest point on the dessert. If the batter does not stick to the toothpick, the dessert is done.

If the dessert collapses when it comes out of the oven, the next time reduce the oven temperature by about 50 °F and select a longer cooking time if necessary.





### 7.5 Suggestions for defrosting and rising:

We recommend placing frozen foods in an uncovered container on the first rack position (bottom) of the oven.

Food must be defrosted with all wrapping removed.



Space the food to be defrosted evenly and do not overlap.

When defrosting meat, we recommend placing the food on a rack in the second rack position and inserting a tray in the first rack position (bottom). Any liquid dripping from the defrosting food will be caught by the tray.

The tenderest parts of the food can be protected with aluminum foil.

For successful rising, a container of water should be placed at the bottom of the oven.

During rising, it is recommended to cover the dough with a damp cloth.



### 7.6 Cooking tables:



**Note:** The times indicated in the following tables do not include the preheating times. Always make sure you pre-heat the oven and load food when the **D** is steady on.

	OVEN FUNCTION		RACK POSITION FROM BOTTOM	TEMPERATURE °F	TIME IN I	MINUTES
FIRST COURSES						
LASAGNA	$\bigcirc$	Top and bottom heating elements	1	430 - 450	50	- 60
OVEN-BAKED PASTA	$\bigcirc$	Top and bottom heating elements	1	430 - 450	4	0
MEAT						
ROASTED VEAL		Convection with top and bottom heating elements	2	360 - 375	70	- 80
PORK LOIN		Convection with top and bottom heating elements		360 - 375	70	- 80
PORK SHOULDER	٢	European convection with top and bottom heating elements		356 - 375	90 -	100
ROASTED RABBIT		European convection	2	360 - 375	70	- 80
TURKEY BREAST		Convection with top and bottom heating elements		360 - 375	110	- 120
ROASTED NECK OF PORK		European convection with top and bottom heating elements	2	360 - 375	190	- 210
ROASTED CHICKEN	٢	European convection with top and bottom heating elements		360 - 375		- 70
BROILED MEATS					FIRST SIDE	SECOND SIDE
PORK CHOPS		Convection Broil	4	535	7 - 9	5 - 7
FILLET OF PORK	~~~	Broil	3	535	9 - 11	5 - 9
FILLET OF BEEF	$\sim$	Broil	3	535	9 - 11	9 - 11
LIVER		Convection Broil	4	535	2 - 3	2 - 3
SAUSAGES		Convection Broil	3	535	7 - 9	5 - 6

EN

## Instructions for the user



MEATBALLS		Broil	3	535	7 - 9	5 - 6
ROTISSERIE MEATS						
CHICKEN		Broil (Rotisserie feature)	On a rotisserie rod	480 - 535	60 -	· 70
FISH						
SALMON TROUT		European conv. with bottom heating element	2	300 - 320	35 -	40
PIZZA		Convection with top and bottom heating elements		480 - 535	6 -	10
BREAD		European convection	2	375 - 395	25 -	· 30
MUFFINS		European convection with top and bottom heating elements		355 - 375	15 -	· 20
DESSERTS						
DOUGHNUTS		Convection with top and bottom heating elements	2	320	55 -	· 60
FRUIT PIES		Convection with top and bottom heating elements		320	30 -	- 35
SMALL PASTRIES		European conv. with bottom heating element	2	320 - 340	20 -	25
JAM TARTS		European convection with top and bottom heating elements	2	320	20 -	- 25
PARADISE CAKE		Convection with top and bottom heating elements		320	55 -	60
ECLAIRS	٢	European convection with top and bottom heating elements		300 - 320	40 -	- 50
SPONGE CAKE		European convection	2	300 - 320	45 -	50
RICE PUDDING		European convection with top and bottom heating elements		320	40 -	- 50
CROISSANTS		European convection	2	320	25 -	· 30



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### 8. CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE OF THE OVEN

WARNING	BURN HAZARD
	- The oven can produce high temperatures that can cause burns.
	- To prevent burns, allow the heating elements to cool before cleaning.
0	- Only clean the parts listed in this manual.



Do not use a jet of steam for cleaning the inside of the oven.

### 8.1 Cleaning stainless steel

To keep stainless steel in good condition it should be cleaned regularly after use. Let steel parts cool first.

### 8.2 Regular daily cleaning

To clean and preserve stainless steel surfaces, always use only products for use on stainless steel that do not contain abrasives or chlorine-based acids.

How to use: pour the product onto a damp cloth and wipe the surface, then rinse thoroughly and dry with a soft cloth or deerskin.

### 8.3 Food stains or residues

Do not use metallic scouring pads or sharp scrapers: they will damage the oven enamel. Use standard non-abrasive cleaners and a wooden or plastic scraping tool if necessary. Rinse thoroughly and dry with a soft cloth or deerskin.

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Do not allow residues of sugary foods (such as jam) to set inside the oven. If allowed to set for too long, sugar residue could pit the enamel lining of the oven.

# 8.4 Cleaning the inside of the oven

For optimal upkeep, regularly clean the oven after it has cooled. Take out all removable parts.

- Clean oven racks and trays with hot water and nonabrasive detergent. Rinse and dry.
- For easier cleaning, the oven door can be removed (see paragraph "9.2 Removing the oven door").





The oven should be operated at its maximum temperature for 15/20 minutes after use of certain products to burn off any residue left inside the oven.





### 8.5 Cleaning the oven door glass

The oven door glass should always be kept thoroughly clean. Use absorbent paper towel; remove stubborn dirt with a damp sponge and ordinary detergent.



Do not use abrasive or corrosive cleaners for cleaning the oven door glass. (e.g.: scouring products, oven-cleaner sprays, stain removers and metal steel wool).

Do not use rough or abrasive materials or sharp metal scrapers to clean the oven door glass as they can scratch the surface or cause the glass to break.





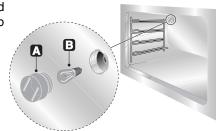
### 9. SPECIAL MAINTENANCE

The oven may require special maintenance or replacement of parts subject to wear such as gaskets, bulbs, etc. The following instructions describe how to perform these minor maintenance operations.



### 9.1 Replacing the oven light

Remove the bulb protector  $\bf{A}$  by twisting it counterclockwise and then replace bulb  $\bf{B}$  with an equivalent 25-W bulb. Replace bulb protector  $\bf{A}$ .



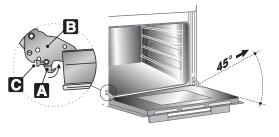


NOTE: Use only oven-rated appliance bulbs (T 600°F - 572.00°F)

### 9.2 Removing the oven door

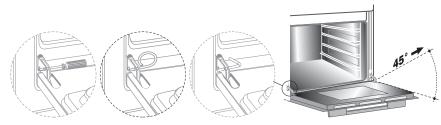
### 9.2.1 Doors with moveable hinge levers

With the oven door completely open, raise the hinge levers **A** until they touch the hinge arms **B**, then grasp both sides of the door near the hinges. Raise the door to an angle of about  $45^{\circ}$  and remove it. If the hinge arms do not lock, repeat the operation, raising the hinge levers and keeping the oven door slightly raised. To remount the door, fit the hinges arm **B** into the hinge slots, then lower the door into place, making sure that the hinge arm notch **C**, is firmly seated in the slot, then lower the hinge levers **A**.



### 9.2.2 Removing the oven door using the pins

Open the door completely and insert the pins (supplied) into the holes starting from the inside. Close the door to an angle of about 45° and lift the door to remove it. To remount the door, fit the hinge arms into the hinge slots, then lower the door into place and extract the pins. In case you lose the pins, two screwdrivers can be used.





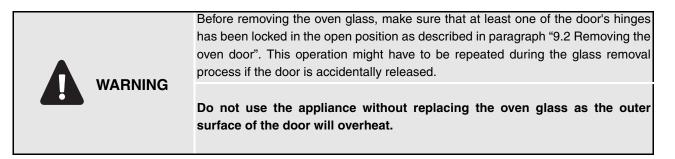


#### 9.2.3 Removing the oven door gasket

In order to thoroughly clean the oven, the gasket may be removed. Before removing the gasket, remove the oven door as described above. Once the door has been removed, lift the tabs at the corners as shown in the figure. After cleaning, replace the gasket starting with the longer, horizontal side and insert the tabs into the appropriate slots at the top.



### 9.3 Removing the inner oven door glass



The glass panes in the oven door should always be kept thoroughly clean. For easier cleaning, it is possible to remove the oven door (see 9.2 Removing the oven door) and place it on a protective cloth or fully open the door and lock the hinges as you remove the oven glass.

The glass panes in the oven door can be completely removed by following the steps found below.

#### Removing the inner glass:

 Remove the inner glass pane by pulling it towards you, in the direction indicated by the arrows. Removal includes dislodging the 4 pins attached to the glass from their slots in the oven door.





#### Removing the middle glass:

• Remove the middle glass by lifting it up.



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## Instructions for the User



#### Cleaning:

 It is now possible to clean the outer oven door glass as well as the glass panes removed in the previous steps. Use absorbent paper towel. In case of stubborn dirt, wipe with a damp sponge using mild detergent.

#### Replacing the glass:

- Replace the glass panes in inverse order to removal.
- Reposition the inner oven door glass, being careful to center and insert the 4 pins attached to the glass into their slots on the oven door by applying light pressure.





Replace the oven door glass panes so that they are ordered and oriented as they were before removal. Finally, if the door was not removed, unlock the hinges and close the door.





9.4 What to do if	
The oven display is blank .	Check the mains power supply.
•	Check the household circuit breaker panel to make sure the circuit breaker on the circuit supplying the oven is in the "ON" position.
The oven does not heat up	
•	Check whether the "Showroom" feature has been enabled. For further details see paragraph "Secondary menu" on page 17.
The controls do not respond.	
•	Check whether the "Child Lockout" feature has been enabled. For further details see paragraph "Secondary menu" on page 17.
Cooking takes longer than the times indicated in the cooking table.	Check whether the "PO" (power miser) feature has been enabled. For further details see paragraph "Secondary menu" on page 17.
After self-cleaning, the oven , functions do not work.	Check whether the door interlock device is enabled. If it is not, the oven has a safety feature that does not allow functions to be selected while the door interlock device is active. This is because the temperatures inside the oven are still too high to allow any type of cooking.
The display shows ERR 4	The door interlock device has not hooked to the door properly. This might be because the door was accidentally opened during its activation. Turn off the oven and turn it on again waiting a few minutes before selecting a new cleaning cycle.
If the door is opened during an oven function using convection, . the fans shut off.	This is not a fault. It is a normal feature of the appliance and is meant to avoid excessive loss of heat when the door is opened. When the door is closed, the oven will resume normal operation.